

Cyber Optimist Top Eight

Software and **Network Security**

- Invest in cybersecurity software, hardware, effective cyber policy development, and security controls.
- Conduct independent audits.
- date.
- Employ email and web protection tools.
- Encrypt data.
- Implement a centrally managed antivirus solution.

Training and Awareness

- Provide regular cybersecurity awareness training for all employees, tailored to real life situations.
- Provide specialized training for cybersecurity staff.
- Share challenges and how they were overcome with your network.
- Help others take steps to secure their systems.

Incident Response and Planning

Develop a formal, documented Incident Response Plan with clear guidelines, roles, and responsibilities.

Data Backup and Cloud Security

- Automate back-ups where possible or maintain regularly.
- Copy your data to a separate, encrypted service, or a device that you can disconnect, store offline, or isolate.
- Test often.
- Refer to cloud security guidelines.
- Select providers that follow and regulations.
- Use access management, intrusion detection, 24/7 monitoring.

Vendor and External Party Management

Ensure vendors with access to data and systems are actively managed and meet agreed levels of security. Agreements should regulate how vendors meet security requirements.

Device Security

- Implement mobile device management to secure data on laptops, tablets and smartphones. Employ firewalls.
- Use remote access tools and ensure they are up-to-date.

Physical Security

- Wherever important information resides, physical controls should be employed.
- Securely store company laptops or phones.
- Enable auto lock functions.

Passwords and Authentication

- Use "passphrases" instead of passwords.
- Do not reuse passwords, do not share.
- Enable MFA.
 - Use a Password Manager.







